

A3--8003

1. The target tissue for ACTH is the:

- A spleen
- B liver
- C pancreas
- D adrenal cortex
- E adrenal medulla
- F kidney

2. Rod used a laparoscope to examine 100's of gilt's \_\_\_\_\_.

- A fecal samples
- B ovaries
- C pituitary glands
- D urine samples
- E pineal glands
- F blood samples

3. This hormone promotes loss of calcium in the urine.

- A LH
- B 5 alpha-reductase
- C aromatase
- D atriopeptin
- E testosterone
- F calcitonin

4. \_\_\_\_\_, made by the feline stomach, stimulates \_\_\_\_\_ secretion.

- A Insulin, gallbladder
- B Gastrin, aromatase
- C Gastrin, HCl
- D Gastrin, enzyme
- E CCK, NaOH
- F CCK, insulin

5. This term means the study of structure.

- A morphology
- B theriogenology
- C cytology
- D pathology
- E necropsy
- F histology

6. After 4 half-life periods have passed, 15 mg of equine hormone X remain in the mare. What initial amount of X was injected into the horse?

- A 480 mg
- B 240 mg
- C 480 ng
- D 1.0 g
- E 15 mg
- F correct answer not given

7. The family of catecholamines includes this molecule \_\_\_\_\_.

- A testosterone
- B hemoglobin
- C cholesterol
- D epinephrine
- E insulin
- F cortisol



15. Endocrine is the antonym of \_\_\_\_\_.
- |               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| A endogenous  | B exocytosis |
| C endocytosis | D exocrine   |
| E exogenous   | F hemolysis  |
16. RBC production by bone marrow is directly promoted by this renal hormone.
- |              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| A LH         | B PGF-2 alpha    |
| C calcitonin | D erythropoietin |
| E xylitol    | F atriopeptin    |
17. Calcitonin injected into a sow would promote \_\_\_\_\_.
- |  |   |
|--|---|
| A increased ovulation rate             | B increased gut absorption of calcium     |
| C decreased urine production           | D increased urine production              |
| E decreased gut absorption of calcium. | F increased gastric absorption of calcium |
18. Elevation of blood glucose concentration stimulates endocrine cells in the \_\_\_\_\_ to release \_\_\_\_\_.
- |                  |                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| A liver, renin   | B hypothalamus, renin          |
| C liver, insulin | D hypothalamus, growth hormone |
| E kidney, renin  | F pancreas, insulin            |
19. A depot tissue can
- |                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A release CO <sub>2</sub> . | B store a chemical and give it up later (when needed). |
| C release many hormones.    | D store oxygen.  |
| E store carbon dioxide.     | F release water.                                       |
20. The enzyme \_\_\_\_\_ converts \_\_\_\_\_ to estradiol.
- |                             |                                   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A renin, cholesterol        | B 5 alpha reductase, testosterone |
| C atriopeptin, progesterone | D rennin, testosterone            |
| E renin, RU486              | F aromatase, testosterone         |
21. Neurons in the \_\_\_\_\_ secrete TRH, which stimulates the \_\_\_\_\_ to secrete TSH.
- |                                     |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| A hypothalamus, anterior pituitary  | B thyroid gland, gonads                   |
| C hypothalamus, posterior pituitary | D anterior pituitary, posterior pituitary |
| E gonads, thymus                    | F posterior pituitary, anterior pituitary |

22. Many protein hormones are synthesized as \_\_\_\_\_, and later are changed into the active hormone.
- A eicosanoids
  - B steroids
  - C antagonists
  - D prohormones
  - E keto-steroids
  - F agonists
23. Angiotensinogen is a molecule made by the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A ovary
  - B testis
  - C adipose tissue
  - D pineal gland
  - E spleen
  - F liver
24. To make 5 liters of physiological saline, you would add \_\_\_\_\_ to 5 liters of water.
- A 5 grams of heparin
  - B 45 grams of NaCl
  - C 4.5 grams of KCl
  - D 4.5 grams of NaCl
  - E 5 grams of EDTA
  - F 45 grams of KCl
25. Select the major target tissue for corticotropin releasing factor.
- A pineal gland
  - B anterior pituitary gland
  - C adrenal cortex
  - D spleen
  - E posterior pituitary gland
  - F liver
26. The \_\_\_\_\_ gland is located in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- A adrenal, region near the kidney
  - B pituitary, region near the kidney
  - C pineal, thorax
  - D pineal, gastric lumen
  - E pituitary, thorax
  - F pineal, stomach